

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY (15CS76)

1. Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file.

```
import csv
with open('data.csv','r') as f:
    reader=csv.reader(f)
    your_list=list(reader)
h=[['0','0','0','0','0','0']]
for i in your_list:
    print(i)
    if i[-1]=="yes":
        j=0
        for x in i:
            if x!="yes":
                if x!=h[0][j]and h[0][j]=='0':
                    h[0][j]=x
                elif x!=h[0][j] and h[0][j]!='0':
                    h[0][j]='?'
            else:
                pass
        j=j+1
print("final hypothesis is")
print(h)
```

Data Set: (file name: **data.csv**)

sunny,warm,normal,strong,warm,same,yes
sunny,warm,high,strong,warm,same,yes
rain,cold,high,strong,warm,change,no
sunny,warm,hgh,strong,cool,change,yes

output:

```
C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\1rr16cs181\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/PycharmProjects/1rr16cs181/finds.py
['sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']
['sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']
['rain', 'cold', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'change', 'no']
['sunny', 'warm', 'hgh', 'strong', 'cool', 'change', 'yes']
final hypothesis is
[['sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', '?', '?']]
```

Process finished with exit code 0

2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

(NOTE: Install numpy, pandas)

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

data=pd.DataFrame(data=pd.read_csv('data.csv'))
concepts=np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
target=np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
def learn(concepts,target):
    specific_h=concepts[0].copy()
    print("Initialization of specific_h and general_h")
    print(specific_h)
    general_h=[["?" for i in range(len(specific_h))] for i in range(len(specific_h))]
    print(general_h)
    for i,h in enumerate(concepts):
        if target[i]=="yes":
            for x in range(len(specific_h)):
                if h[x]!=specific_h[x]:
                    specific_h[x]='?'
                    general_h[x][x]= '?'
        if target[i]=="no":
            for x in range(len(specific_h)):
                if h[x]!=specific_h[x]:
                    general_h[x][x]=specific_h[x]
                else:
                    general_h[x][x]='?'
    print("steps of candidate elimination algorithm",i+1)
    print("specific_h",i+1,"\\n")
    print(specific_h)
    print("general_h",i+1,"\\n")
    print(general_h)

indices=[i for i,val in enumerate(general_h) if val==['?','?','?','?','?','?','?']]
for i in indices:
    general_h.remove(['?','?','?','?','?','?'])
return specific_h,general_h
s_final,g_final=learn(concepts,target)
print("Final specific_h:",s_final,sep="\n")
print("final general_h:",g_final,sep="\n")
```

Dataset: (file name: **data.csv**)

sunny,warm,normal,strong,warm,same,yes
sunny,warm,high,strong,warm,same,yes
rain,cold,high,strong,warm,change,no
sunny,warm,hgh,strong,cool,change,yes

Output:

C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\1rr16cs181\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/PycharmProjects/1rr16cs181/candi.py

initialization of specific_h and general_h

['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']

[['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

steps of candidate elimination algorithm 3

specific_h 3

['sunny' 'warm' '?' 'strong' '?' '?']

general_h 3

[['sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'warm', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

Final specific_h:

['sunny' 'warm' '?' 'strong' '?' '?']

final general_h:

[['sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'warm', '?', '?', '?', '?']]

Process finished with exit code 0

3. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample

(NOTE: Install numpy)

```
import numpy as np
import math
from data_loader import read_data
class Node:
    def __init__(self,attribute):
        self.attribute=attribute
        self.children={}
        self.answer=""
    #def __str__(self):
        #return self.attribute
def sub(data,col,delete):
    dict={}
    items=np.unique(data[:,col])
    count=np.zeros((items.shape[0],1),dtype=np.int32)
    for x in range(items.shape[0]):
        for y in range(data.shape[0]):
            if data[y,col]==items[x]:
                count[x]+=1
    for x in range(items.shape[0]):
        dict[items[x]]=np.empty((int(count[x]),data.shape[1]),dtype='|S32')
        pos=0
        for y in range(data.shape[0]):
            if data[y,col]==items[x]:
                dict[items[x]][pos]=data[y]
                pos+=1
        if delete:
            dict[items[x]]=np.delete(dict[items[x]],col,1)
    return items,dict
def entropy(s):
    items=np.unique(s)
    if items.size==1:
        return 0
    counts=np.zeros((items.shape[0],1))
    sums=0
    for x in range(items.shape[0]):
        counts[x]=sum(s==items[x])/(s.size*1.0)
    for count in counts:
        sums+=-1*count*math.log(count,2)
    return sums
def gain(data,col):
    items,dict=sub(data,col,delete=False)
    total_size=data.shape[0]
    entropies=np.zeros((items.shape[0],1))
    intrinsic=np.zeros((items.shape[0],1))
    for x in range((items.shape[0])):
        ratio=dict[items[x]].shape[0]/(total_size*1.0)
        entropies[x]=ratio*entropy(dict[items[x]])
        intrinsic[x]=1/ratio
    return entropies,intrinsic
```

```

entropies[x]=ratio*entropy(dict[items[x]][:,-1])
intrinsic[x]=ratio*math.log(ratio,2)
total_entropy=entropy(data[:,-1])
iv =-1*sum(intrinsic)
for x in range(entropies.shape[0]):
    total_entropy-=entropies[x]
return (total_entropy/iv)
def create(data,metadata):
    if(np.unique(data[:, -1]).shape[0]==1:
        node=Node(" ")
        node.answer=np.unique(data[:, -1])[0]
    return node

gains=np.zeros((data.shape[1]-1,1))
for col in range(data.shape[-1]-1):
    gains[col]=gain(data,col)
split=np.argmax(gains)
node=Node(metadata[split])
metadata=np.delete(metadata,split,0)
items,dict=sub(data,split,delete=True)

for x in range(items.shape[0]):
    child=create(dict[items[x]],metadata)
    node.children.append((items[x],child))
return node
def empty(size):
    s=" "
    for x in range(size):
        s+= " "
    return s
def print_tree(node,level):
    if node.answer!=" ":
        print(empty(level),node.answer)
        return
    print(empty(level),node.attribute)

    for value,n in node.children:
        print(empty(level+1),value)
        print_tree(n,level+2)
metadata,traindata=read_data("data1.csv")
data=np.array(traindata)
node=create(data,metadata)
print_tree(node,0)

```

data_loader.py [another supporting file]

```
import csv
```

```
def read_data(filename):
    with open(filename, 'r') as csvfile:
        datareader = csv.reader(csvfile, delimiter=',')
        headers = next(datareader)
        metadata = []
        traindata = []
        for name in headers:
            metadata.append(name)

        for row in datareader:
            traindata.append(row)

    return (metadata, traindata)
```

Data set: (file name: data1.csv)

```
outlook,temperture,humidity,wind,palytennis
sunny,hot,high,weak,no
sunny,hot,high,strong,no
overcast,hot,high,weak,yes
rain,mild,high,weak,yes
rain,cool,normal,weak,yes
rain,cool,normal,strong,no
overcast,cool,normal,strong,yes
sunny,mild,high,weak,no
sunny,cool,normal,weak,yes
rain,mild,normal,weak,yes
sunny,mild,normal,strong,yes
overcast,mild,high,strong,yes
overcast,hot,normal,weak,yes
rain,mild,high,strong,no
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\1rr16cs181\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/PycharmProjects/1rr16cs181/id3.py
```

```
outlook
```

```
overcast
```

```
b'yes'
```

```
rain  
wind  
b'strong'  
b'no'  
b'weak'  
b'yes'  
sunny  
humidity  
b'high'  
b'no'  
b'normal'  
b'yes'
```

Process finished with exit code 0

**4.Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Back propagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets
(NOTE: Install numpy)**

```
import numpy as np  
x=np.array(([2.9],[1.5],[3.6]),dtype=float)  
y=np.array(([92],[86],[89]),dtype=float)  
x=x/np.amax(x, axis=0)  
y=y/100  
  
def sigmoid(x):  
    return (1/(1+np.exp(-x)))  
def derivatives_sigmoid(x):  
    return x*(1-x)  
  
epoch=7000  
lr=0.1  
inputlayer_neuron=2  
hiddenlayer_neuron=3  
output_neuron=1  
  
wh=np.random.uniform(size=(inputlayer_neuron,hiddenlayer_neuron))  
bh=np.random.uniform(size=(1,hiddenlayer_neuron))
```

```

wout=np.random.uniform(size=(hiddenlayer_neuron,output_neuron))
bout=np.random.uniform(size=(1,output_neuron))

for i in range(epoch):
    hinp1=np.dot(x,wh)
    hinp=hinp1+bh
    hlayer_act=sigmoid(hinp)
    outinp1=np.dot(hlayer_act,wout)
    outinp=outinp1+bout
    output=sigmoid(outinp)

    EO=y-output
    outgrad=derivatives_sigmoid(output)
    d_output=EO*outgrad
    EH=d_output.dot(wout.T)
    hiddengrad=derivatives_sigmoid(hlayer_act)
    d_hiddenlayer=EH*hiddengrad
    wout+=hlayer_act.T.dot(d_output*lr)
    wh+=x.T.dot(d_hiddenlayer)*lr
print("input:\n"+str(x))
print("actual output:\n"+str(y))
print("predicted output:\n",output)

```

OUTPUT

```

C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\1rr16cs181\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/PycharmProjects/1rr16cs181/nueral.py
input:
[[0.66666667 1.      ]
 [0.33333333 0.55555556]
 [1.      0.66666667]]
actual output:
[[0.92]
 [0.86]
 [0.89]]
predicted output:
[[0.89612636]
 [0.87868519]
 [0.89460368]]

```

Process finished with exit code 0

5. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.

```
print("\nNaive Bayes Classifier for concept learning problem")
import csv
import random
import math
import operator

def safe_div(x, y):
    if y == 0:
        return 0
    return x / y

def loadCsv(filename):
    lines = csv.reader(open(filename))
    dataset = list(lines)
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        dataset[i] = [float(x) for x in dataset[i]]
    return dataset

def splitDataset(dataset, splitRatio):
    trainSize = int(len(dataset) * splitRatio)
    trainSet = []
    copy = list(dataset)
    i = 0
    while len(trainSet) < trainSize:
        # index = random.randrange(len(copy))
        trainSet.append(copy.pop(i))
    return [trainSet, copy]

def separateByClass(dataset):
    separated = {}
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        vector = dataset[i]
        if (vector[-1] not in separated):
            separated[vector[-1]] = []
        separated[vector[-1]].append(vector)
    return separated

def mean(numbers):
    return safe_div(sum(numbers), float(len(numbers)))
```

```
def stdev(numbers):
    avg = mean(numbers)
    variance = safe_div(sum([pow(x - avg, 2) for x in numbers]), float(len(numbers) - 1))
    return math.sqrt(variance)
```

```
def summarize(dataset):
    summaries = [(mean(attribute), stdev(attribute)) for attribute in zip(*dataset)]
    del summaries[-1]
    return summaries
```

```
def summarizeByClass(dataset):
    separated = separateByClass(dataset)
    summaries = {}
    for classValue, instances in separated.items():
        summaries[classValue] = summarize(instances)
    return summaries
```

```
def calculateProbability(x, mean, stdev):
    exponent = math.exp(-safe_div(math.pow(x - mean, 2), (2 * math.pow(stdev, 2))))
    final = safe_div(1, (math.sqrt(2 * math.pi) * stdev)) * exponent
    return final
```

```
def calculateClassProbabilities(summaries, inputVector):
    probabilities = {}
    for classValue, classSummaries in summaries.items():
        probabilities[classValue] = 1
        for i in range(len(classSummaries)):
            mean, stdev = classSummaries[i]
            x = inputVector[i]
            probabilities[classValue] *= calculateProbability(x, mean, stdev)
    return probabilities
```

```
def predict(summaries, inputVector):
    probabilities = calculateClassProbabilities(summaries, inputVector)
    bestLabel, bestProb = None, -1
    for classValue, probability in probabilities.items():
        if bestLabel is None or probability > bestProb:
            bestProb = probability
            bestLabel = classValue
    return bestLabel
```

```
def getPredictions(summaries, testSet):
    predictions = []
    for i in range(len(testSet)):
        result = predict(summaries, testSet[i])
```

```

predictions.append(result)
return predictions

def getAccuracy(testSet, predictions):
    correct = 0
    for i in range(len(testSet)):
        if testSet[i][-1] == predictions[i]:
            correct += 1
    accuracy = safe_div(correct, float(len(testSet))) * 100.0
    return accuracy

def main():
    filename = 'NaiveBayes ConceptLearning.csv'
    splitRatio = 0.75
    dataset = loadCsv(filename)
    trainingSet, testSet = splitDataset(dataset, splitRatio)
    print('Split {0} rows into'.format(len(dataset)))
    print('Number of Training data: ' + (repr(len(trainingSet))))
    print('Number of Test Data: ' + (repr(len(testSet))))
    print("\nThe values assumed for the concept learning attributes are\n")
    print(
        "OUTLOOK=> Sunny=1 Overcast=2 Rain=3\nTEMPERATURE=> Hot=1 Mild=2
Cool=3\nHUMIDITY=> High=1 Normal=2\nWIND=> Weak=1 Strong=2")
    print("TARGET CONCEPT:PLAY TENNIS=> Yes=10 No=5")
    print("\nThe Training set are:")
    for x in trainingSet:
        print(x)
    print("\nThe Test data set are:")
    for x in testSet:
        print(x)
    print("\n")
    # prepare model
    summaries = summarizeByClass(trainingSet)
    # test model
    predictions = getPredictions(summaries, testSet)
    actual = []
    for i in range(len(testSet)):
        vector = testSet[i]
        actual.append(vector[-1])
    # Since there are five attribute values, each attribute constitutes to 20% accuracy. So if all attributes
match with predictions then 100% accuracy
    print('Actual values: {0}%'.format(actual))
    print('Predictions: {0}%'.format(predictions))
    accuracy = getAccuracy(testSet, predictions)
    print('Accuracy: {0}%'.format(accuracy))

main()

```

Data Set: (file name: NaiveBayes ConceptLearning.csv)

1,1,1,1,5
1,1,1,2,5
2,1,1,2,10
3,2,1,1,10
3,3,2,1,10
3,3,2,2,5
2,3,2,2,10
1,2,1,1,5
1,3,2,1,10
3,2,2,2,10
1,2,2,2,10
2,2,1,2,10
2,1,2,1,10
3,2,1,2,5
1,2,1,2,10
1,2,1,2,5

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\ss\venv\Scripts\python.exe
"C:/Users/admin/Desktop/RNSIT_ML_LAB_PROGRAMS_JULY2018/RNSIT_ML_LAB_PROGRAM
S_JULY2018/5-naive-bayes/NaiveBayes ConceptLearning.py"
```

Naive Bayes Classifier for concept learning problem

Split 16 rows into

Number of Training data: 12

Number of Test Data: 4

The values assumed for the concept learning attributes are

```
OUTLOOK=> Sunny=1 Overcast=2 Rain=3
TEMPERATURE=> Hot=1 Mild=2 Cool=3
HUMIDITY=> High=1 Normal=2
WIND=> Weak=1 Strong=2
TARGET CONCEPT:PLAY TENNIS=> Yes=10 No=5
```

The Training set are:

```
[1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 5.0]
[1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]
[2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]
[3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 10.0]
[3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]
[3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 2.0, 5.0]
[2.0, 3.0, 2.0, 2.0, 10.0]
[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 5.0]
[1.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]
```

```
[3.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 10.0]
[1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 10.0]
[2.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]
```

The Test data set are:

```
[2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]
[3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]
[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]
[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]
```

Actual values: [10.0, 5.0, 10.0, 5.0]%

Predictions: [5.0, 10.0, 5.0, 5.0]%

Accuracy: 25.0%

Process finished with exit code 0

6.Assuming a set of documents that need to be classified, use the naïve Bayesian Classifier model to perform this task. Built-in Java classes/API can be used to write the program. Calculate the accuracy, precision, and recall for your data set.

Note:(install pandas and sklearn)

```
import pandas as pd
msg=pd.read_csv('naivetext1.txt',names=['message','label'])
print('The dimensions of the dataset',msg.shape)
msg['labelnum']=msg.label.map({'pos':1,'neg':0})
X=msg.message
y=msg.labelnum
print(X)
print(y)

#splitting the dataset into train and test data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(X,y)
print(xtest.shape)
print(xtrain.shape)
print(ytest.shape)
print(ytrain.shape)
#output of count vectoriser is a sparse matrix
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
count_vect = CountVectorizer()
xtrain_dtm = count_vect.fit_transform(xtrain)
xtest_dtm=count_vect.transform(xtest)
print(count_vect.get_feature_names())

df=pd.DataFrame(xtrain_dtm.toarray(),columns=count_vect.get_feature_names())
print(df)#tabular representation
print(xtrain_dtm) #sparse matrix representation
```

```

# Training Naive Bayes (NB) classifier on training data.
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
clf = MultinomialNB().fit(xtrain_dtm,ytrain)
predicted = clf.predict(xtest_dtm)

#printing accuracy metrics
from sklearn import metrics
print('Accuracy metrics')
print('Accuracy of the classifier is',metrics.accuracy_score(ytest,predicted))
print('Confusion matrix')
print(metrics.confusion_matrix(ytest,predicted))
print('Recall and Precision ')
print(metrics.recall_score(ytest,predicted))
print(metrics.precision_score(ytest,predicted))

'''docs_new = ['I like this place', 'My boss is not my saviour']
X_new_counts = count_vect.transform(docs_new)
predictednew = clf.predict(X_new_counts)
for doc, category in zip(docs_new, predictednew):
    print('%s->%s' % (doc, msg.labelnum[category]))'''

```

Data Set:

Note: In Notepad save the input with filename: `naivetext1.txt`

```

I love this sandwich,pos
This is an amazing place,pos
I feel very good about these beers,pos
This is my best work,pos
What an awesome view,pos
I do not like this restaurant,neg
I am tired of this stuff,neg
I can't deal with this,neg
He is my sworn enemy,neg
My boss is horrible,neg
This is an awesome place,pos
I do not like the taste of this juice,neg
I love to dance,pos
I am sick and tired of this place,neg
What a great holiday,pos
That is a bad locality to stay,neg
We will have good fun tomorrow,pos
I went to my enemy's house today,neg

```

OUTPUT

```

C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\ss\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/pythonml/6.naivtext.py
The dimensions of the dataset (18, 2)
0      I love this sandwich
1      This is an amazing place

```

2 I feel very good about these beers
3 This is my best work
4 What an awesome view
5 I do not like this restaurant
6 I am tired of this stuff
7 I can't deal with this
8 He is my sworn enemy
9 My boss is horrible
10 This is an awesome place
11 I do not like the taste of this juice
12 I love to dance
13 I am sick and tired of this place
14 What a great holiday
15 That is a bad locality to stay
16 We will have good fun tomorrow
17 I went to my enemy's house today

Name: message, dtype: object

0 1
1 1
2 1
3 1
4 1
5 0
6 0
7 0
8 0
9 0
10 1
11 0
12 1
13 0
14 1
15 0
16 1
17 0

Name: labelnum, dtype: int64

(5,)
(13,)
(5,)
(13,)

['about', 'am', 'amazing', 'an', 'and', 'awesome', 'bad', 'beers', 'best', 'boss', 'can', 'deal', 'do', 'enemy', 'feel', 'good', 'great', 'he', 'holiday', 'horrible', 'house', 'is', 'juice', 'like', 'locality', 'my', 'not', 'of', 'place', 'restaurant', 'sick', 'stay', 'sworn', 'taste', 'that', 'the', 'these', 'this', 'tired', 'to', 'today', 'very', 'went', 'what', 'with', 'work']

about am amazing an and ... very went what with work

0 0 0 0 1 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0

1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	1	0	0	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	1	0	0
8	0	1	0	0	1	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	1	1	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	1	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	1	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0

[13 rows x 46 columns]

- (0, 28) 1
- (0, 5) 1
- (0, 3) 1
- (0, 21) 1
- (0, 37) 1
- (1, 22) 1
- (1, 27) 1
- (1, 33) 1
- (1, 35) 1
- (1, 23) 1
- (1, 26) 1
- (1, 12) 1
- (1, 37) 1
- (2, 19) 1
- (2, 9) 1
- (2, 25) 1
- (2, 21) 1
- (3, 29) 1
- (3, 23) 1
- (3, 26) 1
- (3, 12) 1
- (3, 37) 1
- (4, 13) 1
- (4, 32) 1
- (4, 17) 1
- :
- (8, 4) 1
- (8, 30) 1
- (8, 1) 1
- (8, 27) 1
- (8, 28) 1
- (8, 37) 1

```
(9, 2) 1
(9, 28) 1
(9, 3) 1
(9, 21) 1
(9, 37) 1
(10, 45) 1
(10, 8) 1
(10, 25) 1
(10, 21) 1
(10, 37) 1
(11, 18) 1
(11, 16) 1
(11, 43) 1
(12, 40) 1
(12, 20) 1
(12, 42) 1
(12, 39) 1
(12, 13) 1
(12, 25) 1
```

Accuracy metrics

Accuracy of the classifier is 0.6

Confusion matrix

```
[[1 0]
```

```
[2 2]]
```

Recall and Precision

0.5

1.0

Process finished with exit code 0

7. Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Java/Python ML library classes/API.

(Note: Install bayespy, numpy, colorama)

```
import bayespy as bp
import numpy as np
import csv
from colorama import init
from colorama import Fore, Back, Style
init()

# Define Parameter Enum values
#Age
```

```

ageEnum = {'SuperSeniorCitizen':0, 'SeniorCitizen':1, 'MiddleAged':2, 'Youth':3, 'Teen':4}
# Gender
genderEnum = {'Male':0, 'Female':1}
# FamilyHistory
familyHistoryEnum = {'Yes':0, 'No':1}
# Diet(Calorie Intake)
dietEnum = {'High':0, 'Medium':1, 'Low':2}
# LifeStyle
lifeStyleEnum = {'Athlete':0, 'Active':1, 'Moderate':2, 'Sedetary':3}
# Cholesterol
cholesterolEnum = {'High':0, 'BorderLine':1, 'Normal':2}
# HeartDisease
heartDiseaseEnum = {'Yes':0, 'No':1}
#heart_disease_data.csv
with open('BBN heart_disease_data.csv') as csvfile:
    lines = csv.reader(csvfile)
    dataset = list(lines)
    data = []
for x in dataset:
    data.append([ageEnum[x[0]],genderEnum[x[1]],familyHistoryEnum[x[2]],dietEnum[x[3]],lifeStyleEnum[x[4]],cholesterolEnum[x[5]],heartDiseaseEnum[x[6]]])
# Training data for machine learning todo: should import from csv
data = np.array(data)
N = len(data)

# Input data column assignment
p_age = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(5))
age = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_age, plates=(N,))
age.observe(data[:,0])

p_gender = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(2))
gender = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_gender, plates=(N,))
gender.observe(data[:,1])

p_familyhistory = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(2))
familyhistory = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_familyhistory, plates=(N,))
familyhistory.observe(data[:,2])

p_diet = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(3))
diet = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_diet, plates=(N,))
diet.observe(data[:,3])

p_lifestyle = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(4))
lifestyle = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_lifestyle, plates=(N,))
lifestyle.observe(data[:,4])

```

```

p_cholesterol = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(1.0*np.ones(3))
cholesterol = bp.nodes.Categorical(p_cholesterol, plates=(N,))
cholesterol.observe(data[:,5])

# Prepare nodes and establish edges
# np.ones(2) -> HeartDisease has 2 options Yes/No
# plates(5, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3) -> corresponds to options present for domain values
p_heartdisease = bp.nodes.Dirichlet(np.ones(2), plates=(5, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3))
heartdisease = bp.nodes.MultiMixture([age, gender, familyhistory, diet, lifestyle, cholesterol],
bp.nodes.Categorical, p_heartdisease)
heartdisease.observe(data[:,6])
p_heartdisease.update()

# Sample Test with hardcoded values
#print("Sample Probability")
#print("Probability(HeartDisease|Age=SuperSeniorCitizen, Gender=Female,
FamilyHistory=Yes, DietIntake=Medium, LifeStyle=Sedetary, Cholesterol=High)")
#print(bp.nodes.MultiMixture([ageEnum['SuperSeniorCitizen'], genderEnum['Female'],
familyHistoryEnum['Yes'], dietEnum['Medium'], lifeStyleEnum['Sedetary'],
cholesterolEnum['High']], bp.nodes.Categorical,
p_heartdisease).get_moments()[0][heartDiseaseEnum['Yes']])

# Interactive Test
m = 0
while m == 0:
    print("\n")
    res = bp.nodes.MultiMixture([int(input('Enter Age: ' + str(ageEnum))), int(input('Enter
Gender: ' + str(genderEnum))), int(input('Enter FamilyHistory: ' + str(familyHistoryEnum))),
int(input('Enter dietEnum: ' + str(dietEnum))), int(input('Enter LifeStyle: ' +
str(lifeStyleEnum))), int(input('Enter Cholesterol: ' + str(cholesterolEnum)))]),
bp.nodes.Categorical, p_heartdisease).get_moments()[0][heartDiseaseEnum['Yes']]
    print("Probability(HeartDisease) = " + str(res))
#print(Style.RESET_ALL)
m = int(input("Enter for Continue:0, Exit :1 "))

```

Data Set:

(filename: 'BBN heart_disease_data.csv')

SuperSeniorCitizen,Male,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,High,Yes
SuperSeniorCitizen,Female,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,High,Yes
SeniorCitizen,Male,No,High,Moderate,BorderLine,Yes
Teen,Male,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,Normal,No
Youth,Female,Yes,High,Athlete,Normal,No
MiddleAged,Male,Yes,Medium,Active,High,Yes

Teen,Male,Yes,High,Moderate,High,Yes
 SuperSeniorCitizen,Male,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,High,Yes
 Youth,Female,Yes,High,Athlete,Normal,No
 SeniorCitizen,Female,No,High,Athlete,Normal,Yes
 Teen,Female,No,Medium,Moderate,High,Yes
 Teen,Male,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,Normal,No
 MiddleAged,Female,No,High,Athlete,High,No
 MiddleAged,Male,Yes,Medium,Active,High,Yes
 Youth,Female,Yes,High,Athlete,BorderLine,No
 SuperSeniorCitizen,Male,Yes,High,Athlete,Normal,Yes
 SeniorCitizen,Female,No,Medium,Moderate,BorderLine,Yes
 Youth,Female,Yes,Medium,Athlete,BorderLine,No
 Teen,Male,Yes,Medium,Sedetary,Normal,No

OUTPUT

Enter Age: {'SuperSeniorCitizen': 0, 'SeniorCitizen': 1, 'MiddleAged': 2, 'Youth': 3, 'Teen': 4}1
 Enter Gender: {'Male': 0, 'Female': 1}1
 Enter FamilyHistory: {'Yes': 0, 'No': 1}1 Enter dietEnum: {'High': 0, 'Medium': 1, 'Low': 2}2
 Enter LifeStyle: {'Athlete': 0, 'Active': 1, 'Moderate': 2, 'Sedetary': 3}2 Enter Cholesterol:
 {'High': 0, 'BorderLine': 1, 'Normal': 2}1 Probability(HeartDisease) = 0.5 Enter for Continue:0,
 Exit :1 0 Enter Age: {'SuperSeniorCitizen': 0, 'SeniorCitizen': 1, 'MiddleAged': 2, 'Youth': 3,
 'Teen': 4}0 Enter Gender: {'Male': 0, 'Female': 1}0 Enter FamilyHistory: {'Yes': 0, 'No': 1}0
 Enter dietEnum: {'High': 0, 'Medium': 1, 'Low': 2}0 Enter LifeStyle: {'Athlete': 0, 'Active': 1,
 'Moderate': 2, 'Sedetary': 3}3 Enter Cholesterol: {'High': 0, 'BorderLine': 1, 'Normal': 2}0
 Probability(HeartDisease) = 0.5 Enter for Continue:0, Exit :1

8. Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Java/Python ML library classes/API in the program

(Note: Install numpy, pandas, sklearn)

```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

#from sklearn import metrics
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
data=pd.read_csv("kmeansdata.csv")
df1=pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df1)

f1 = df1['Distance_Feature'].values
f2 = df1['Speeding_Feature'].values

```

```

X=np.matrix(list(zip(f1,f2)))
plt.plot()
plt.xlim([0, 100])
plt.ylim([0, 50])
plt.title('Dataset')
plt.ylabel('Speeding_Feature')
plt.xlabel('Distance_Feature')
plt.scatter(f1,f2)
plt.show()

# create new plot and data
plt.plot()
colors = ['b', 'g', 'r']
markers = ['o', 'v', 's']

# KMeans algorithm
#K = 3
kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=3).fit(X)

plt.plot()
for i, l in enumerate(kmeans_model.labels_):
    plt.plot(f1[i], f2[i], color=colors[l], marker=markers[l], ls='None')
    plt.xlim([0, 100])
    plt.ylim([0, 50])

plt.show()

```

Data Set: (filename: kmeansdata.csv)

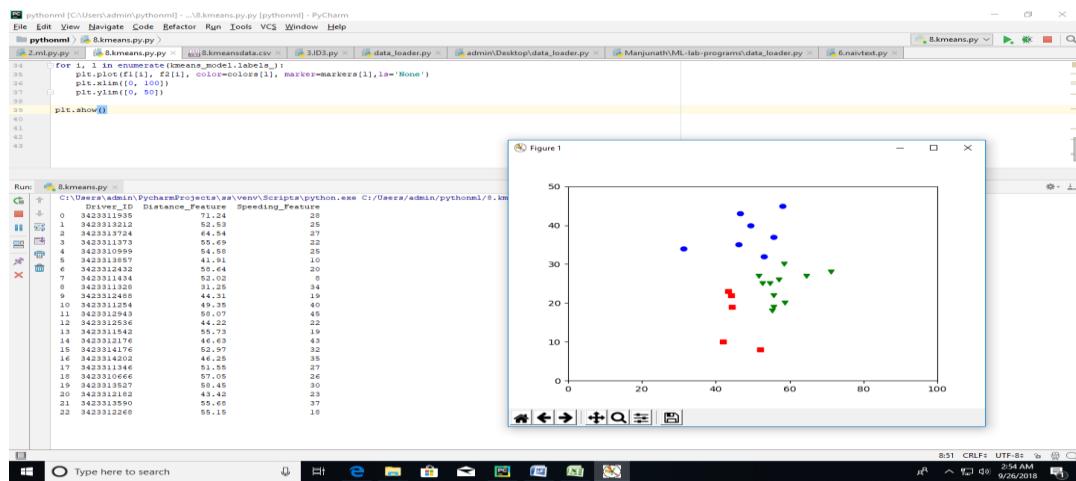
Driver_ID	Distance_Feature	Speeding_Feature
3423311935	71.24	28
3423313212	52.53	25
3423313724	64.54	27
3423311373	55.69	22
3423310999	54.58	25
3423313857	41.91	10
3423312432	58.64	20
3423311434	52.02	8
3423311328	31.25	34
3423312488	44.31	19
3423311254	49.35	40
3423312943	58.07	45
3423312536	44.22	22
3423311542	55.73	19
3423312176	46.63	43
3423314176	52.97	32
3423314202	46.25	35
3423311346	51.55	27

3423310666,57.05,26
3423313527,58.45,30
3423312182,43.42,23
3423313590,55.68,37
3423312268,55.15,18

OUTPUT

C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\ss\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/admin/pythonml/8.kmeans.py.py
Driver_ID Distance_Feature Speeding_Feature

0	3423311935	71.24	28
1	3423313212	52.53	25
2	3423313724	64.54	27
3	3423311373	55.69	22
4	3423310999	54.58	25
5	3423313857	41.91	10
6	3423312432	58.64	20
7	3423311434	52.02	8
8	3423311328	31.25	34
9	3423312488	44.31	19
10	3423311254	49.35	40
11	3423312943	58.07	45
12	3423312536	44.22	22
13	3423311542	55.73	19
14	3423312176	46.63	43
15	3423314176	52.97	32
16	3423314202	46.25	35
17	3423311346	51.55	27
18	3423310666	57.05	26
19	3423313527	58.45	30
20	3423312182	43.42	23
21	3423313590	55.68	37
22	3423312268	55.15	18



9. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.

KNN ALGORITHM

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix

from sklearn import datasets
iris=datasets.load_iris()
iris_data=iris.data
iris_labels=iris.target
print(iris_data)
print(iris_labels)
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(iris_data,iris_labels,test_size=0.30)

classifier=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
classifier.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(x_test)
print('confusion matrix is as follows')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print('Accuracy metrics')
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

Data Set:

5.1,3.5,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.9,3,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.7,3.2,1.3,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.6,3.1,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,6,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.4,3.9,1.7,0.4,Iris-setosa,
4.6,3.4,1.4,0.3,Iris-setosa,
5.3,4,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.4,2.9,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa,
5.4,3.7,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.8,3.4,1.6,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.8,3,1.4,0.1,Iris-setosa,
4.3,3,1.1,0.1,Iris-setosa,
5.8,4,1.2,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.7,4.4,1.5,0.4,Iris-setosa,
5.4,3.9,1.3,0.4,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.5,1.4,0.3,Iris-setosa,
5.7,3.8,1.7,0.3,Iris-setosa,

5.1,3.8,1.5,0.3,Iris-setosa,
5.4,3.4,1.7,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.7,1.5,0.4,Iris-setosa,
4.6,3.6,1,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.3,1.7,0.5,Iris-setosa,
4.8,3.4,1.9,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,1.6,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,4,1.6,0.4,Iris-setosa,
5.2,3.5,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.2,3.4,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.7,3.2,1.6,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.8,3.1,1.6,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.4,3.4,1.5,0.4,Iris-setosa,
5.2,4.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa,
5.5,4.2,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa,
5.3,2,1.2,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.5,3.5,1.3,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa,
4.4,3,1.3,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.4,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,5,1.3,0.3,Iris-setosa,
4.5,2.3,1.3,0.3,Iris-setosa,
4.4,3.2,1.3,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,5,1.6,0.6,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.8,1.9,0.4,Iris-setosa,
4.8,3,1.4,0.3,Iris-setosa,
5.1,3.8,1.6,0.2,Iris-setosa,
4.6,3.2,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,3.7,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa,
5.3,3,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa,
7.3,2,4.7,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
6.4,3.2,4.5,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
6.9,3.1,4.9,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
5.5,2.3,4.1.3,Iris-versicolor,
6.5,2.8,4.6,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
5.7,2.8,4.5,1.3,Iris-versicolor,
6.3,3.3,4.7,1.6,Iris-versicolor,
4.9,2.4,3.3,1,Iris-versicolor,
6.6,2.9,4.6,1.3,Iris-versicolor,
5.2,2.7,3.9,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
5.2,3.5,1,Iris-versicolor,
5.9,3,4.2,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
6.2,2.4,1,Iris-versicolor,
6.1,2.9,4.7,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
5.6,2.9,3.6,1.3,Iris-versicolor,

6.7,3.1,4.4,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
5.6,3,4.5,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
5.8,2.7,4.1,1,Iris-versicolor,
6.2,2.2,4.5,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
5.6,2.5,3.9,1.1,Iris-versicolor,
5.9,3.2,4.8,1.8,Iris-versicolor,
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6.3,2.5,4.9,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
6.1,2.8,4.7,1.2,Iris-versicolor,
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6.6,3,4.4,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
6.8,2.8,4.8,1.4,Iris-versicolor,
6.7,3,5,1.7,Iris-versicolor,
6.2,9,4.5,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
5.7,2.6,3.5,1,Iris-versicolor,
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5.5,2.4,3.7,1,Iris-versicolor,
5.8,2.7,3.9,1.2,Iris-versicolor,
6.2,7,5.1,1.6,Iris-versicolor,
5.4,3,4.5,1.5,Iris-versicolor,
6,3.4,4.5,1.6,Iris-versicolor,
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5.6,3,4.1,1.3,Iris-versicolor,
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6.3,3.3,6,2.5,Iris-virginica,
5.8,2.7,5.1,1.9,Iris-virginica,
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7.6,3,6.6,2.1,Iris-virginica,
4.9,2.5,4.5,1.7,Iris-virginica,
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6.8,3,5.5,2.1,Iris-virginica,
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6.4,2,8,5.6,2.2,Iris-virginica,
6.3,2,8,5.1,1.5,Iris-virginica,
6.1,2,6,5.6,1.4,Iris-virginica,
7.7,3,6.1,2.3,Iris-virginica,
6.3,3,4,5.6,2.4,Iris-virginica,
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6.7,3,3,5.7,2.5,Iris-virginica,
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6.3,2,5,5,1.9,Iris-virginica,
6.5,3,5,2,2,Iris-virginica,
6.2,3,4,5,4,2.3,Iris-virginica,
5.9,3,5,1,1.8,Iris-virginica,

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\ss\venv\Scripts\python.exe
C:/Users/admin/pythonml/9.KNN.py
[[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2]
[4.9 3. 1.4 0.2]
[4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2]
[4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2]
[5. 3.6 1.4 0.2]
[5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4]
[4.6 3.4 1.4 0.3]
[5. 3.4 1.5 0.2]
[4.4 2.9 1.4 0.2]
[4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1]
[5.4 3.7 1.5 0.2]
[4.8 3.4 1.6 0.2]
[4.8 3. 1.4 0.1]
[4.3 3. 1.1 0.1]
[5.8 4. 1.2 0.2]
[5.7 4.4 1.5 0.4]
[5.4 3.9 1.3 0.4]
[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3]
[5.7 3.8 1.7 0.3]
[5.1 3.8 1.5 0.3]
[5.4 3.4 1.7 0.2]
[5.1 3.7 1.5 0.4]
[4.6 3.6 1. 0.2]
[5.1 3.3 1.7 0.5]
[4.8 3.4 1.9 0.2]
[5. 3. 1.6 0.2]
[5. 3.4 1.6 0.4]
[5.2 3.5 1.5 0.2]
[5.2 3.4 1.4 0.2]
[4.7 3.2 1.6 0.2]
[4.8 3.1 1.6 0.2]
[5.4 3.4 1.5 0.4]
[5.2 4.1 1.5 0.1]
[5.5 4.2 1.4 0.2]
[4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1]
[5. 3.2 1.2 0.2]
[5.5 3.5 1.3 0.2]
[4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1]
[4.4 3. 1.3 0.2]
[5.1 3.4 1.5 0.2]
[5. 3.5 1.3 0.3]
[4.5 2.3 1.3 0.3]
[4.4 3.2 1.3 0.2]]
```

[5. 3.5 1.6 0.6]
[5.1 3.8 1.9 0.4]
[4.8 3. 1.4 0.3]
[5.1 3.8 1.6 0.2]
[4.6 3.2 1.4 0.2]
[5.3 3.7 1.5 0.2]
[5. 3.3 1.4 0.2]
[7. 3.2 4.7 1.4]
[6.4 3.2 4.5 1.5]
[6.9 3.1 4.9 1.5]
[5.5 2.3 4. 1.3]
[6.5 2.8 4.6 1.5]
[5.7 2.8 4.5 1.3]
[6.3 3.3 4.7 1.6]
[4.9 2.4 3.3 1.]
[6.6 2.9 4.6 1.3]
[5.2 2.7 3.9 1.4]
[5. 2. 3.5 1.]
[5.9 3. 4.2 1.5]
[6. 2.2 4. 1.]
[6.1 2.9 4.7 1.4]
[5.6 2.9 3.6 1.3]
[6.7 3.1 4.4 1.4]
[5.6 3. 4.5 1.5]
[5.8 2.7 4.1 1.]
[6.2 2.2 4.5 1.5]
[5.6 2.5 3.9 1.1]
[5.9 3.2 4.8 1.8]
[6.1 2.8 4. 1.3]
[6.3 2.5 4.9 1.5]
[6.1 2.8 4.7 1.2]
[6.4 2.9 4.3 1.3]
[6.6 3. 4.4 1.4]
[6.8 2.8 4.8 1.4]
[6.7 3.5. 1.7]
[6. 2.9 4.5 1.5]
[5.7 2.6 3.5 1.]
[5.5 2.4 3.8 1.1]
[5.5 2.4 3.7 1.]
[5.8 2.7 3.9 1.2]
[6. 2.7 5.1 1.6]
[5.4 3. 4.5 1.5]
[6. 3.4 4.5 1.6]
[6.7 3.1 4.7 1.5]
[6.3 2.3 4.4 1.3]
[5.6 3. 4.1 1.3]

[5.5 2.5 4. 1.3]
[5.5 2.6 4.4 1.2]
[6.1 3. 4.6 1.4]
[5.8 2.6 4. 1.2]
[5. 2.3 3.3 1.]
[5.6 2.7 4.2 1.3]
[5.7 3. 4.2 1.2]
[5.7 2.9 4.2 1.3]
[6.2 2.9 4.3 1.3]
[5.1 2.5 3. 1.1]
[5.7 2.8 4.1 1.3]
[6.3 3.3 6. 2.5]
[5.8 2.7 5.1 1.9]
[7.1 3. 5.9 2.1]
[6.3 2.9 5.6 1.8]
[6.5 3. 5.8 2.2]
[7.6 3. 6.6 2.1]
[4.9 2.5 4.5 1.7]
[7.3 2.9 6.3 1.8]
[6.7 2.5 5.8 1.8]
[7.2 3.6 6.1 2.5]
[6.5 3.2 5.1 2.]
[6.4 2.7 5.3 1.9]
[6.8 3. 5.5 2.1]
[5.7 2.5 5.2.]
[5.8 2.8 5.1 2.4]
[6.4 3.2 5.3 2.3]
[6.5 3. 5.5 1.8]
[7.7 3.8 6.7 2.2]
[7.7 2.6 6.9 2.3]
[6. 2.2 5. 1.5]
[6.9 3.2 5.7 2.3]
[5.6 2.8 4.9 2.]
[7.7 2.8 6.7 2.]
[6.3 2.7 4.9 1.8]
[6.7 3.3 5.7 2.1]
[7.2 3.2 6. 1.8]
[6.2 2.8 4.8 1.8]
[6.1 3. 4.9 1.8]
[6.4 2.8 5.6 2.1]
[7.2 3. 5.8 1.6]
[7.4 2.8 6.1 1.9]
[7.9 3.8 6.4 2.]
[6.4 2.8 5.6 2.2]
[6.3 2.8 5.1 1.5]
[6.1 2.6 5.6 1.4]

confusion matrix is as follows

$\begin{bmatrix} 21 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 11 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[0 \ 0 11]]$$

Accuracy metrics

precision recall f1-score support

0	1.00	1.00	1.00	21
1	1.00	0.85	0.92	13
2	0.85	1.00	0.92	11

avg / total 0.96 0.96 0.96 45

Process finished with exit code 0

10. Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

LOCALLY WEIGHTED REGRESSION

(Note: Install numpy, scipy)

```
from math import ceil
import numpy as np
from scipy import linalg

def lowess(x, y, f=2./3., iter=3):
    n = len(x)
    r = int(ceil(f*n))
    h = [np.sort(np.abs(x - x[i]))[r] for i in range(n)]
    w = np.clip(np.abs((x[:,None] - x[None,:]) / h), 0.0, 1.0)
    w = (1 - w**3)**3
    yest = np.zeros(n)
    delta = np.ones(n)
    for iteration in range(iter):
        for i in range(n):
            weights = delta * w[:,i]
            b = np.array([np.sum(weights*y), np.sum(weights*y*x)])
            A = np.array([[np.sum(weights), np.sum(weights*x)],
                          [np.sum(weights*x), np.sum(weights*x*x)]])
            beta = linalg.solve(A, b)
            yest[i] = beta[0] + beta[1]*x[i]

        residuals = y - yest
        s = np.median(np.abs(residuals))
        delta = np.clip(residuals / (6.0 * s), -1, 1)
        delta = (1 - delta**2)**2

    return yest

if __name__ == '__main__':
    import math
    n = 100
    x = np.linspace(0, 2 * math.pi, n)
    print("=====values of x=====")
    print(x)
    y = np.sin(x) + 0.3*np.random.randn(n)
    print("=====Values of y=====")
    print(y)
    f = 0.25
    yest = lowess(x, y, f=f, iter=3)

    import pylab as pl
    pl.clf()
    pl.plot(x, y, label='y noisy')
    pl.plot(x, yest, label='y pred')
```

```
pl.legend()  
pl.show()
```

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\admin\PycharmProjects\ss\venv\Scripts\python.exe  
C:/Users/admin/Desktop/RNSIT_ML_LAB_PROGRAMS_JULY2018/RNSIT_ML_LAB_PROGRAMS  
_JULY2018/10-regression/regression.py  
=====values of x=====  
[0. 0.06346652 0.12693304 0.19039955 0.25386607 0.31733259  
0.38079911 0.44426563 0.50773215 0.57119866 0.63466518 0.6981317  
0.76159822 0.82506474 0.88853126 0.95199777 1.01546429 1.07893081  
1.14239733 1.20586385 1.26933037 1.33279688 1.3962634 1.45972992  
1.52319644 1.58666296 1.65012947 1.71359599 1.77706251 1.84052903  
1.90399555 1.96746207 2.03092858 2.0943951 2.15786162 2.22132814  
2.28479466 2.34826118 2.41172769 2.47519421 2.53866073 2.60212725  
2.66559377 2.72906028 2.7925268 2.85599332 2.91945984 2.98292636  
3.04639288 3.10985939 3.17332591 3.23679243 3.30025895 3.36372547  
3.42719199 3.4906585 3.55412502 3.61759154 3.68105806 3.74452458  
3.8079911 3.87145761 3.93492413 3.99839065 4.06185717 4.12532369  
4.1887902 4.25225672 4.31572324 4.37918976 4.4265628 4.5061228  
4.56958931 4.63305583 4.69652235 4.75998887 4.82345539 4.88692191  
4.95038842 5.01385494 5.07732146 5.14078798 5.2042545 5.26772102  
5.33118753 5.39465405 5.45812057 5.52158709 5.58505361 5.64852012  
5.71198664 5.77545316 5.83891968 5.9023862 5.96585272 6.02931923  
6.09278575 6.15625227 6.21971879 6.28318531]  
=====Values of y=====  
[ 0.32536008 -0.0080573 0.11946369 0.41612046 0.45098579 0.43815367  
0.10801193 0.68389606 0.86074625 0.04549917 0.68505644 0.60342634  
1.17247156 0.88083937 0.71119685 0.95001511 0.54481781 0.7051224  
1.25351458 0.8712536 0.92022204 0.7352142 0.88698095 0.91535147  
0.83840992 0.7904273 1.75713902 0.9658919 0.39042121 0.66715723  
0.82248617 1.16770788 1.62890879 0.55892447 1.66198264 0.02503305  
0.79764264 0.55443527 1.21535481 1.09842121 0.94842294 0.73174791  
0.684332 0.28964437 0.717744902 0.37907153 0.2530457 0.15897645  
0.07088533 0.54206641 0.12110612 0.08384214 0.12731212 -0.53552899  
0.11736083 -0.56747834 -0.21437779 -0.53090037 -0.02105477 -0.7363005  
-0.43987103 -0.67372833 -0.38014677 -0.17410718 -0.67528673 -0.80375547  
-0.62601973 -0.74283758 -0.75248483 -0.67113581 -1.20706585 -0.64311434  
-1.59478696 -1.23125828 -0.8670961 -0.64860678 -0.9419199 -0.42584513  
-0.78040914 -1.10565932 -0.990609 -0.89934155 -0.60020463 -0.38534216  
-1.28563144 -0.71983964 -0.43870468 -1.03712938 -0.28325743 -0.63386377  
-0.49045503 -0.45722592 -0.0669703 -0.47006542 -0.44179404 -0.66259661  
-0.21934077 -0.51959973 -0.11584542 0.19354907]
```

